



ESA - MOST Dragon 2 Programme
2011 DRAGON 2 SYMPOSIUM

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Main Results

- 1. Establishment of the Tibetan plateau soil moisture and soil temperature observatory
- 2. Retrievals of surface soil moisture from high and low resolution satellite data (ASAR data for soil moisture; course resolution soil moisture from ASCAT/AMSR-E/SMOS)
- 3. Optical/TIR data for energy balance analysis and evaporation
- 4. Water budgets for river basins using GRACE and LSMs
- 5. Identifications of model deficiencies and data assimilation
- 6. Analysis of the structure of the atmospheric boundary layer and UTLS exchanges on the Tibetan plateau
- 7. Assessment of different approaches for drought monitoring, prediction and assessment



Issues and Recommendations



(Proposed action points for Dragon III)

- Satellite observations in data scarce environment are critical for quantifying climatic impacts – application agencies should develop dedicated capacities (ASAR data for soil moisture; optical/TIR data for energy balance analysis; course resolution soil moisture from ASCAT/AMSR-E/SMOS, Water budgets)
- Uncertainties in satellite observations needed to be quantified with in-situ reference observations data – drought monitoring befits from advanced data retrievals
- 3. Modeling results need to be verified before used in drawing conclusions about climatic change impacts data assimilation necessary
- 4. Concerted actions needed to aggregate and analyze climatic impacts in data scare environment data sharing (e.g. in international collaboration) essential
- 5. Existing studies need to be analyzed in detail separating those based observation data with uncertainty certification from less rigorous studies
- 6. Studies should be extended to adaptations!



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Project Planning – 2011 and 2012

- 1. Continuous in-situ observations
- 2. Continuous cal/val of EO data products
- 3. Validation & improvements of model parameterization
- 4. Assimilation of EO data into modeling system
- 5. Setting-up of drought monitoring & prediction system
- 6. Publications